

# MODULE SPECIFICATION FORM

| Module Title: Bio-veterina  | Level:                      | 5   | Credit Value: 20                  |                                    |    |  |  |
|---|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----|--|--|
| Module code: ANM507<br>(if known)   |                             |   |                                   | GAAN JACS2 code: D320              |    |  |  |
| Semester(s) in which to   | With effect from: Sept 2013 |   |                                   |                                    |    |  |  |
| <i>Office use only:</i><br>To be completed by AQSU:   | Date rev                    | Date approved:August 2013Date revised:-/ersion no:1                             |                                   |                                    |    |  |  |
| Existing/New: New Title of module being Animal and Human Health replaced (if any):  |                             |   |                                   |                                    |    |  |  |
| Originating Academic<br>Department:   | e e 0,                      |   |                                   | Module Rosie MacDiarmid<br>Leader: |    |  |  |
| Module duration (total<br>hours)**:<br>Scheduled learning &<br>teaching hours:<br>Independent study hours:<br>Placement hours | 200<br>50<br>150<br>0       | Status: core/option/elective Core<br>(identify programme where<br>appropriate): |                                   |                                    |    |  |  |
| Programme(s) in which to be offered:<br>FdSc Animal Studies<br>BSc (Hons)Equine Science and<br>Welfare Management             |                             |   | Pre-requi<br>programn<br>(between | ne                                 | NA |  |  |

#### Module Aims:

- 1. Develop a working knowledge of topographical and skeletal anatomy and identify anatomical landmarks
- 2. Define the principles of animal health
- 3. Identify the impact of humans on animal health

## **Expected Learning Outcomes:**

At the end of this module, students will be able to:

Knowledge and Understanding:

- 1) Identify and appraise the structure and function of anatomical regions and landmarks in the live animal
- 2) Evaluate and discuss the signs of health, disease and injury in animals
- 3) Critically evaluate the different ways in which humans can have an impact on animal health

Transferable/Key Skills and other attributes:

Practical skills, team work, presentation skills, self-reflection, study skills, time management, research skills.

| Assessment:          |                                   |   |           |  |   |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------|-----------------------------------|---|-----------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Assessment<br>number | Learning<br>Outcomes to<br>be met | Type of assessment  | Weighting | Duration (eg,<br>if exam or<br>presentation) | Word count<br>(or equivalent if<br>appropriate) |  |  |  |  |
| 1                    | 1 and 2                           | Portfolio   | 60%       |  | 2400  |  |  |  |  |
| 2                    | 3                                 | Presentation  | 40%       | 15mins                                       | 1600  |  |  |  |  |
| Details of inc       | licative assess                   |   |           |  | ·   |  |  |  |  |
| Practical por        |                                   | The student will be required to undertake practical work at the college animal unit and related animal establishments as part of the module throughout the year. The student is required to keep a journal which acts as the learners record. The journal will detail evidence of practical competence and experience relating to assessment of health and disease in animals, using photographs, video, workbook assessments and witness statements (learning outcome 2) The portfolio will include a topographical and skeletal anatomy practical assessment (for learning outcome 1) |           |  |   |  |  |  |  |
| Presentation         |                                   | Each student will be required to research a topic they have<br>previously agreed with their tutor, regarding the different ways in<br>which humans can have an impact on animal health. They<br>should summarise their findings in a presentation and discuss<br>the topic with the group, then compile a final report (learning<br>outcome 3)  |           |  |   |  |  |  |  |

### Learning and Teaching Strategies:

This module will be taught through a series of lectures, seminars, problem based learning sessions, practical sessions and educational visits. Practical situations will be used to underpin learners theoretical knowledge.

#### Syllabus outline:

- Introduction to bio-veterinary science
- Identification of anatomical regions/landmarks
- Topographical anatomy
- Skeletal anatomy
- Signs of health
- Identification of normal parameters
- Signs of disease and injury
- Causes of disease
- Common disease conditions in domestic animals
- Preventative health care (including vaccination, parasite control and farriery)
- Responsible pet ownership and its impact on animal health and welfare
- Advances in animal health

### **Bibliography:**

Essential reading:

Aspinall, V., and Capello M (eds) (2009) *Introduction to Veterinary Anatomy and Physiology Textbook.* Butterworth Heinmann Elsevier, Edinburgh

Moore, P.H and Hughes, A. (ed) (2007) *BSAVA Manual of Practical Animal Care.* British Small Animal Veterinary Association, London

Williams, J. (ed) 2009 The Complete Textbook of Animal Health & Welfare. Saunders Elsevier, Edinburgh

Other indicative reading: Gardiner, A. (2002) *First Aid for Dogs: An Owners Veterinary Guide.* J.A. Allen, London

McCraken T.O., and Kainer, R.O. (2006) *Sturgeons Colour Atlas of Small animal Anatomy: The Essentials.* Wiley Blackwell, Oxford

McCraken T.O., and Kainer, R.O. (2009) *Colour Atlas of Small animal Anatomy: The Essentials.* Wiley Blackwell, Oxford

Raynor, M., 2009. The Horse Anatomy Workbook. Robert Hale, London.

Reference will be made to scientific articles from journals such as

- The Vet Record
- The Vet Times
- Equine Health